



May 2025

EUROPEAN RECYCLING & CIRCULARITY IN LARGE COMPOSITE COMPONENTS



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Dear Reader,

Welcome to Issue #5 of the EuReComp Newsletter!

In this edition, we are delighted to highlight the latest progress from Work Package 4 (WP4) and Work Package 7 (WP7), each playing a key role in advancing circular economy strategies within the composite materials industry. WP4 focuses on innovative recycling methods, investigating three advanced solvolysis technologies to recover high-quality carbon fibres from CFRP materials. These fibres can then be effectively significantly enhancing resource efficiency and reused, supporting sustainable manufacturing practices. Simultaneously, WP7 concentrates on knowledge transfer and lifelong learning, successfully launching an interactive elearning platform featuring structured courses, engaging quizzes, and comprehensive scripts, all designed to disseminate EuReComp's innovations and best practices. Together, these initiatives actively contribute to reducing environmental impacts and promoting widespread adoption of circular economy principles across the industry.

Enjoy exploring the achievements within EuReComp, and stay connected through our website and social media channels!



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Newsletter 05

May 2025

WP4: Circularity by Recycling and Reclamation

WP4 is central to EuReComp's mission, developing advanced recycling technologies for carbon fibres from carbon fibre reinforced polymers (CFRP), thus enabling effective circular strategies for composite materials. Three innovative solvolysis methods have been scientifically investigated at lab scale:

• **Chemically-assisted solvolysis**, scaled up successfully to pilot-scale, demonstrating its feasibility for industrial-level applications. This process safely produced high-quality continuous yarns, short fibres, and fabric patches, using environmentally friendly solvents and catalysts.



Pilot scale Solvolysis Reactor



Chopped Fibres



30x30 cm recycled fabric patches

• **Plasma-enhanced solvolysis** shows reduced emissions and approximately 50% recovery of produced NOx gases, resulting in fibres with properties comparable to virgin carbon fibres. Recovered fibres were successfully used in additive manufacturing (see Figures: "Plasma solvolysis reactor and wet scrubbing system" and "Recycled 3k carbon fibre for 3D printing").



Dissolving composite tubes



Recycled 3k carbon fiber for 3D printing at BioG3D

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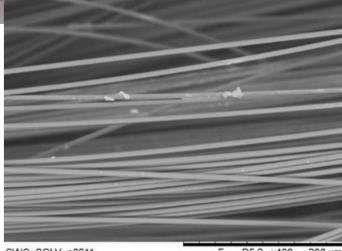
May 2025

WP4: Circularity by Recycling and Reclamation

• Sub- and supercritical water solvolysis, which facilitated the recovery of fabric patches and continuous carbon fibres, supported by detailed process optimization through molecular dynamics simulations developed by POLITO. This allowed a deeper understanding of solvent-composite interactions (see Figures: "SCW reactor at TUD" and "SEM images of SCW recycled CF").

SCW reactor at TUD





SWC_SOLV_00011

F D5,2 x400 200 um SEM images of SCW recycled CF

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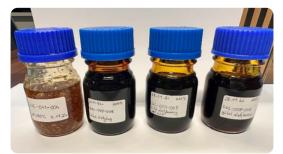
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Newsletter 05

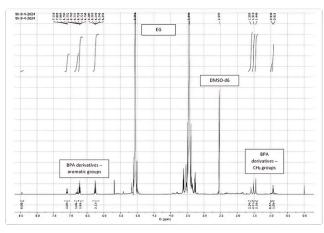
May 2025

WP4: Circularity by Recycling and Reclamation

Furthermore, detailed analyses of the solvolysis solutions (performed by NTUA and SUT) confirmed the potential for solvent reuse and identified key variables affecting the quality of recycled materials.



Liquid samples of different solvolysis experiments



NMR analyses of liquid samples

NTUA notably transformed matrix residues into carbon nanostructures to improve fibre resizing. Additionally, a pilot-scale fibre sizing line was established, successfully preserving structural integrity and mitigating negative recycling impacts on fibre properties.



Sizing line for continuous CF

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May 2025

WP4: Circularity by Recycling and Reclamation

• What's Next for WP4

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In the upcoming months, WP4 will focus on further optimizing lab-scale solvolysis processes to enhance fibre quality and improve recycling efficiency. Key activities include finalizing solvent purification techniques and exploring the effective utilization of matrix by-products. Additionally, ongoing experimental work will generate critical data required for the validation of developed simulation models, ensuring accurate process understanding and scalability.

• Contribution to the EuReComp Scope:

WP4 is essential to achieving EuReComp's vision of a sustainable circular economy for composite materials. By developing and optimizing innovative solvolysis technologies and fibre treatment methods, WP4 bridges the gap between composite waste streams and the manufacturing of high-quality recycled composite products. These efforts significantly contribute to the project's overarching goals, enabling effective recycling practices and promoting resource-efficient reuse strategies for carbon fibre reinforced polymers.

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Figure 1: Lesson

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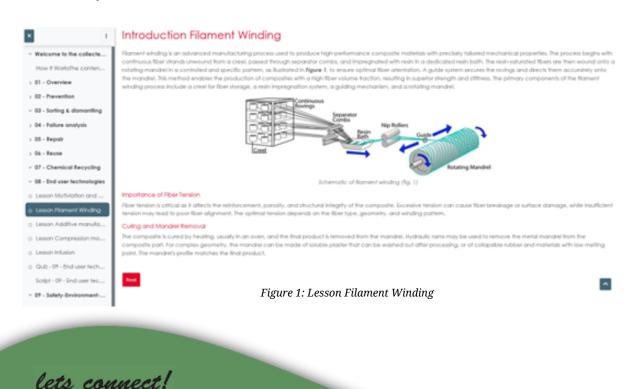
May 2025

WP7: Training & Life-long Learning

WP7 plays a crucial role in the knowledge transfer and lifelong learning aspects of composite recycling and circularity within the EuReComp project. By M36, significant achievements include structuring comprehensive educational content and integrating it into an interactive e-learning platform. This platform hosts integrated videos, quizzes, and detailed scripts, ideal for both self-study and organized training sessions.

Key activities involved evaluating storyboards created by project partners, finalizing structured course content, and successfully implementing the first set of courses. Each course consists of clearly defined lessons, covering essential topics such as filament winding processes (see Figure 1), sorting and prevention strategies, and additive manufacturing techniques (Figures 2 and 3). To reinforce learning, interactive quizzes (Figure 4) are incorporated at the end of each course, enabling users to evaluate their understanding and retention of the material.

Specifically, Figure 1 illustrates a sample lesson on Filament Winding, providing structured, detailed explanations combined with visual aids for clarity.





learners' knowledge on key topics, ensuring active engagement and effective learning. Additionally, Figure 4 shows an excerpt from the additive manufacturing lesson script, serving as valuable supplementary material for further reading and reference.

Quiz	Settings Ques	tions Results	Question bank	More ¥	EURecomp	09 = End user technologies	
					3 ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING		
Back					3.1 INTRODUCTION ADDITIVIE MANUFACTURING Additive Manufacturing (AM), commonly known as 3D printing, rep manufacturing, constructing complex three-dimensional objects throu In contrast to subtractive manufacturing, which involves removing r objects additively, resulting in minimized waste and greater design file	igh a layer-by-layer fabrication process . material from a solid block, AM builds	
nswersaved harked out of :00	What does prevention mean O a. Life time extension O b. break something				One of the most widely used AM techniques is Fused Filament Fabrication (FFF), where a continuous thermoplastic filament is melted and extruded to create a part. To enhance the mechanical proped fibers, resulting in components that are stronger, more durable, and better suited for demanding applications.		
ton (O c. Recycling O d. Make something happening						
newer saved 1 larked out of 2	Life time extention is possible with two different methods: 1. preventing damage 2.Maintenance and repair				Object Build Platform		
Edit	Select one: Inue O False				Figure fic Function scheme of Fused filament An even more advanced AM process is Continuous Fiber Co-Extr polymers with continuous fiber reinforcement to achieve superior process, the polymer filament mells and impregnates the continuou lightweight yet high-strength composite parts.	usion, which combines thermoplastic mechanical performance. During this	
'igure 2: Qui	iz sample for i	module prevent	ion and sor	rting criteria	Figure 3: Part of the additive mar	ufacturing script	
	RS & ISUMERS MEMS & BRAND WNERS		Certificates Quality assura	Aces 1	Origin Certificates Audit Reports Process Conditions Bill of Materials		
		1.	Specifications Recovery logs		+ (Repair) Manuals + Provenance		
	YCLERS & INERS	WASTE			+ Usage logs	MOULDERS & PART MANUFACTURERS	
MAN	TERIAL NUFACTURERS DMPOUNDERS				* Maintenance history	COLLECTORS & (PRE-)SORTERS	
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May 2025

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WP7: Training & Life-long Learning

• What's Next for WP7

By October 2025, WP7 will finalize the complete suite of interactive e-learning courses on the platform. Following this, WP7 plans to conduct comprehensive evaluations with students from participating universities, collecting feedback to enhance and refine course content and usability. This evaluation phase will ensure the courses meet educational objectives and effectively disseminate project outcomes.

• Contribution to the EuReComp Scope:

WP7 plays a crucial role in promoting knowledge transfer and lifelong learning within the EuReComp project. By developing and providing accessible, interactive online educational resources, WP7 ensures that the innovations and best practices generated by EuReComp are effectively communicated to a broad audience, including students, industry professionals, and educators. This substantially supports the project's objectives of advancing circular economy principles and fostering a skilled workforce equipped for sustainable composite recycling.

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Newsletter 05

May 2025

The 3rd Open Workshop of EuReComp!

The <u>3rd EuReComp Workshop</u> took place on March 19, 2025, hosted by the National Technical University of Athens (<u>NTUA</u>), gathering experts from research, industry, and policy to explore the future of sustainable composite recycling.



Throughout the day, participants had the opportunity to attend a series of insightful presentations covering key topics such as:

- Large-scale recycling of wind turbine blades (*REFRESH Project*)
- Development of recyclable, multifunctional composites (*REPOXYBLE Project*)
- Advancing bio-based composites for industrial applications (<u>*R-LIGHTBIOCOM Project*</u>)
- Circular economy strategies for construction and composite materials (*Blades2Build Project*)
- Decision support systems for enabling circular strategies (*RECREATE Project*)

The workshop also provided a platform for interactive discussions, networking, and collaborative exchanges among attendees from across Europe. Both physical and virtual participants contributed to vibrant conversations about practical solutions and research-driven innovations leading toward a more circular and sustainable composites industry.

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May 2025

Events / Conferences / Exhibitions



The EuReComp project team embarked on a journey to Athens, Greece for our 3rd Review Meeting.

EuReComp team successfully participated in the JEC 2025 Exhibition



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The <u>Team Series</u>! Get to know the people behind EuReComp!



EuReComp Featured in <u>Composites in</u> <u>Manufacturing</u> Magazine!

> The <u>EuReComp Webinar</u> <u>Series</u> continues.



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